

Q) If in ΔABC , $AC=15$ and $BC=13$ and $IG \parallel AB$ where I is the incentre and G is the centroid of ΔABC . Find the area of ΔABC .

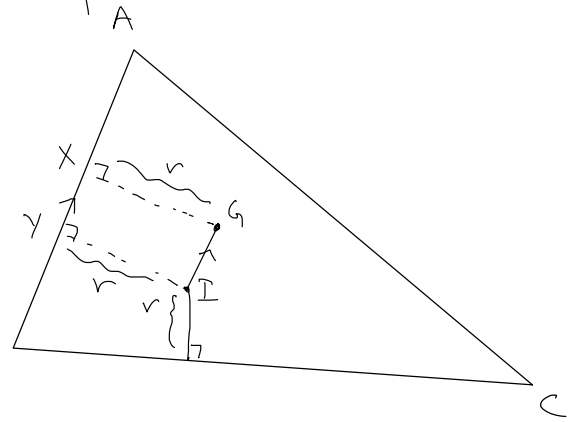
Ans:- Area of $\Delta ABC = \frac{1}{2}r(AB+BC+CA)$
 $= \frac{1}{2}h(AB)$ (h is height of C from AB)

As $IG \parallel AB$, $h = 3(GX)$

$GX = IY$ as $IG \parallel AB \Rightarrow h = 3(IY) = 3r$

$\frac{1}{2}r(AB+15+13) = \frac{1}{2}3r(AB)$
 $\Rightarrow 3AB = AB+15+13 \Rightarrow AB = 14$

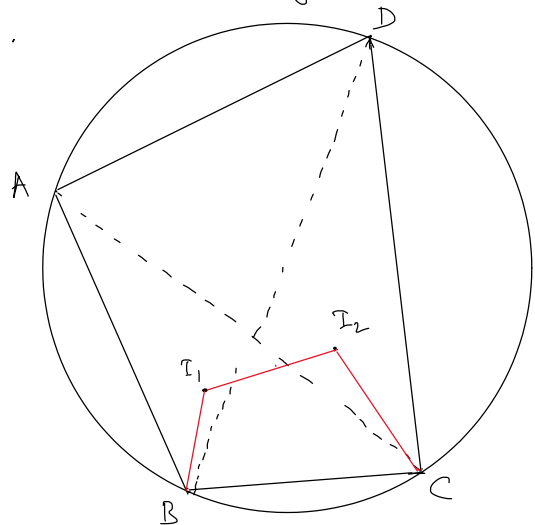
Area of $\Delta ABC = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$



Q) Let ABCD be a cyclic quadrilateral. Let I_1 and I_2 be the incentres of ΔABC and ΔBDC respectively. Prove that $I_1 I_2 BC$ is also cyclic.

Ans:- We need to show,
 $\angle BI_1C = \angle BI_2C$

$\angle BI_1C = 180^\circ - (\angle I_1BC + \angle I_1CB)$
 $= 180^\circ - \frac{1}{2}(\angle ABC + \angle ACB)$
 $= 180^\circ - \frac{1}{2}(180^\circ - \angle BAC)$
 $= 90^\circ + \frac{1}{2}\angle BAC$



Similarly, $\angle BI_2C = 90^\circ + \frac{1}{2}\angle BDC$

Also, $\angle BAC = \angle BDC$ as BC is common chord. $\Rightarrow \angle BI_1C = \angle BI_2C$

Q> Given a pair of concentric circles chord AB, BC, CD... of the outer circle are drawn such that they all touch the inner circle. If $\angle ABC = 75^\circ$ how many chords can be drawn before returning to the starting point.

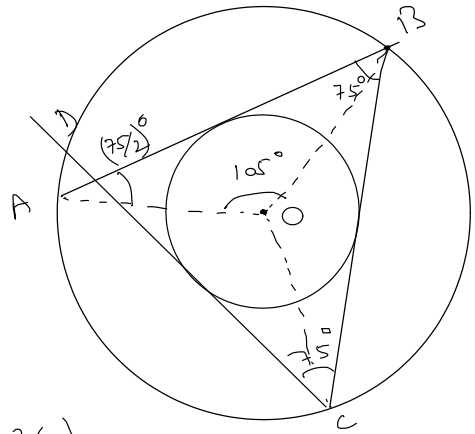
Ans:- $\angle AOB = 105^\circ$
 $105k = 360m$
 \hookrightarrow we need to find smallest such $k \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\Rightarrow 105k \equiv 0 \pmod{360}$$

$$\Rightarrow 21k = 72m$$

$$\Rightarrow 7k = 24m \Rightarrow 7k \equiv 0 \pmod{24}$$

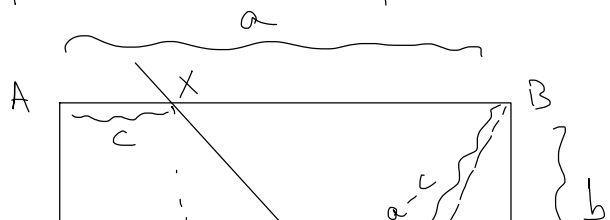
$$\Rightarrow \text{smallest } k = 24$$



Q> The sides x and y of a scalene triangle satisfy $x + \frac{2\Delta}{x} = y + \frac{2\Delta}{y}$ where Δ is the area of the triangle. If $x = 60$ and $y = 63$, what is the length of the largest side of the triangle

Ans:- Apply, $s = x + y + z = 123 + z$ and $x + \frac{2}{x} \sqrt{s(s-x)(s-y)(s-z)} = y + \frac{2}{y} \sqrt{s(s-x)(s-y)(s-z)}$
 \swarrow
 put $x = 60$,
 $y = 63$

Q> A rectangular piece of paper has integer side lengths. The paper is folded so that a pair of diagonally opposite vertices coincide and it is found that the crease is of length 65. Find a possible value of the perimeter of the paper.



Ans:- $BX = DY = a - c$

Ans:-

$$BX = DY = a - c$$

$$XY = 65$$

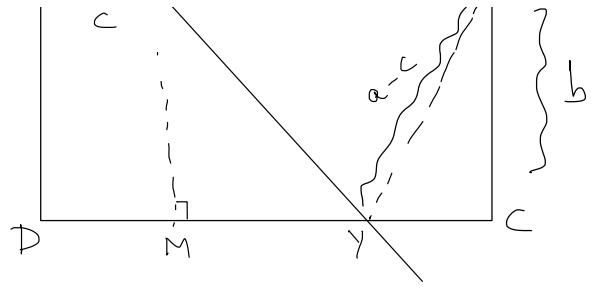
$$MY = a - 2c$$

$$(a - 2c)^2 + b^2 = 65^2$$

$$c^2 + b^2 = (a - c)^2$$

$$a - 2c = 16,$$

$$b = 63$$



$$65^2 - (a - 2c)^2 = (a - c)^2 - c^2$$
$$\Rightarrow 2a^2 - 6ac + 4c^2 = 65^2$$